BEST PRACTICES:

Texas A&M AgriLife Extension Service

FINANCIAL RESOURCE MANAGEMENT

Resource Manual
Revised November 2013
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I. Administrative Statement

As an agency of the State of Texas supported by public funds, maintaining a reputation of integrity is critical. We must be accountable for resources invested in the agency and ensure that an accountability system is in place. The agency must manage for increased audit exposure from the federal, state and county governments and the Texas A&M University System (TAMUS). Financial responsibility is the responsibility of the entire organization. The guidelines herein are provided for an understanding of expectations and implementation.

Our organization has been fortunate to have large numbers of volunteers who are willing to assist in program development and delivery. Through their efforts, funds have been generated to extend and enhance programming to targeted audiences. It is important that we ensure appropriate fiscal procedures are in place for use of funds generated by external Extension support groups and for cost recovery programs. Best practices are included in this document to support sound business practices in working with both our volunteers and support groups.

Maintaining the public trust of the Texas A&M AgriLife Extension Service is critical to the future of the agency. For that reason, the AgriLife Extension administration appointed a Cash Management Procedures committee in 2003. The group evaluated best practices, gathered input from employee focus groups and an agency-wide survey, developed this document, and conducted training statewide. Periodically this document is reviewed to for compliance with system policies and procedures.

“Best Practices: Texas A&M AgriLife Extension Service Financial Resource Management” provides appropriate guidance to every AgriLife Extension employee. It is up to each of us to ensure that these best practices are used.

Edward G. Smith, Director
Texas A&M AgriLife Extension Service
A. Texas A&M AgriLife Extension Service Core Principles for Financial Resource Management

1. To maintain the public trust as a state agency.

2. To establish internal and external accountability practices.

3. To ensure risk assessment and mitigation for the agency.

4. To minimize risk for support groups and their volunteers through education/training.

5. To identify clear roles and responsibilities for Extension and our support groups.

6. To minimize risk of the agency and its employees through education/training.

7. To document and communicate the best management practice policies and procedures.

8. To develop procedures that will ensure that external resources invested in Extension programs are used in the manner intended.

9. To ensure compliance with TAMUS policies. (http://www.tamus.edu/offices/policy/policies)

These core principles/practices for cash management are the basis for the best practices identified in this document. It is the organization’s responsibility to educate its faculty and staff about expectations and implementation of these practices and to ensure that an accountability system is in place for the agency. This accountability extends to the Extension support groups the agency works with on a regular basis. Both Extension faculty and volunteer/support groups must assume responsibility for compliance with best practices to ensure that Texas A&M AgriLife Extension Service maintains the public’s trust in the future.

“Best Practices: The Texas A&M AgriLife Extension Service Financial Resource Management” is a resource manual. Familiarize yourself with the contents to become an educated and prepared Extension employee. Non-compliance with these procedures can lead to administrative actions, including termination of employment.

This resource will support you in seeking information as you prepare for action. The old adage “It is better to ask forgiveness, than to seek permission” no longer applies in our “post-Enron” society.
II. Decision Making For Appropriate Processing of Funds

The appropriate process for managing financial resources is determined by who controls the funds. If Texas A&M AgriLife Extension Service (fee-based or grants and contracts) is the recipient and administrator of funds, then the procedures related to “internal cash management” on pages 4-16 apply. If an external Extension support group is responsible for the funds, then pages 17-25 apply.

Who Controls the Funds?

- Texas A&M AgriLife Extension Service (Pages 4-16)
  Funds are administered through unit and district business offices

- External Support Groups (Pages 17-25)
  Funds are administered by committee’s boards of individual groups

- County Funds
  Funds are administered through County Court of Commissioners
III. Internal Agency Financial Management Procedures

A. Introduction

The Texas A&M AgriLife Extension Service must maintain the public trust in all aspects of financial management activities. Financial management is the responsibility of the entire organization. Everyone in the organization is responsible for ensuring that all funds and resources are handled appropriately.

The following “internal” procedures apply to all employees of Texas A&M AgriLife Extension Service, regardless of source of funds, and cover a wide range of activities. Specific procedures and references to sources of funds are used to assist each employee and supervisor in determining appropriate actions.

The Texas A&M AgriLife Extension Service administration encourages the securing of funds from external sources for program enhancement at state, regional, and county levels. These procedures are designed to assist you in implementing program support and disbursing funds to meet specific identified needs.

All Extension programs must have a clear-cut structure for fiscal responsibility and accountability. Planning, controls, and documentation are major components of managing program finances and assets.

B. Fee-based Programming for Cost Recovery

1. Deciding on a program appropriate for cost recovery

Texas A&M AgriLife Extension Service has a rich heritage of a responsibility to provide quality, relevant educational programs to all Texans. Extension offering more specialized and educational activities and publications for targeted audiences make it necessary to recover cost for some of these activities.

When deciding on whether a program is appropriate for cost recovery, the following criteria should be considered.

   a. Mission drives Extension programming, not the potential generation of fees.
   b. Cost recovered should be legal and ethical and not compromise the integrity of Extension.
   c. Cost recovered should be transparent and understandable to constituents.
   d. Fees should be used to maintain and enhance Extension programming.
   e. All employees should be trained on the financial and legal issues related to the collection of fees.

2. Cost Recovery Program Opportunities (Fees deposited to an Extension account)

These guidelines deal primarily with those workshops and conferences where costs are recovered for the program. Cost such room rental, materials, supplies, food and
beverages, and speaker fees should be considered. The event budget planning worksheet (AG-229) can assist in projecting costs for workshops. (Attachment 1-see Appendix A-1)

Delivery of education through electronic means also provides opportunities for cost recovery. The ability to provide asynchronous continuing education opportunities through a restricted access online course system is available for Extension faculty to use. Conducting educational events through web conferencing allows for reaching new audiences whenever they want and wherever they are. Videoconferencing and video streaming also provide a means for reaching audiences who are willing to pay for the convenience of not having to travel to an educational site.

To determine when it is appropriate to charge for programs and materials, faculty members will communicate with their supervisors for determining the cost of the program. Multi-county events and multi-disciplinary programming should be considered where feasible. Examples of programming efforts that may be appropriate for cost recovery include, but are not limited to, the following:

a. Training (for external audiences) that allows individuals to obtain or renew accreditation, professional certification, registration and/or licenses through mandated programs or other continuing education requirements. This includes web-based and other computer delivery as well as the more traditional methods of program delivery.

b. Specially targeted education programs for selected audiences.

c. Educational programs for vocational training, career development or business enhancement of various professionals.

d. Educational programs conducted for industry groups, commercial firms, institutions and governmental entities where the activity is not directed to the general public.

Other sources of cost recovery efforts include, but are not limited, to the following:

a. Publications –
   Charges may be considered for publications. Appropriate charges include printing and postage costs, and development costs. Fees may generate funds above the cost of the materials to enhance future program support, reprinting costs, and to cover partial cost of technology support.

b. Sponsors –
   It is appropriate to secure sponsors for Extension activities and publications to offset cost incurred for deliverables. Sponsorships do not require the submission of Gift forms through Contracts and Grants. They should be receipted and deposited with Cash Management in accordance with Texas A&M AgriLife Cash Management Procedures. Acknowledgment of donors/sponsors is appropriate. The Texas A&M AgriLife Extension Service best practices identified in this document should be followed:
c. Sale of Educational Material-

   The sale of educational material developed by the Texas A&M AgriLife Extension Service is appropriate. This includes materials in various media such as print, electronic, video, audio, and computer programs that are developed by Extension faculty. All "for sale" publications, and other "for sale" materials will be held at the Texas A&M AgriLife Extension Service Educational Resources Center at the Riverside Campus for distribution, without prior administrative approval. Materials will be kept under strict inventory control and security.

d. Fee for Service and Diagnostic Labs-

   Although Extension is an educational institution, occasionally Extension personnel are asked to provide expertise in their field. Charges should be consistent between internal and external clients. Fees should be based on a structured methodology that can be supported; the formulary may be requested by Administration and should be reviewed on a regular basis. This also will include laboratory services of the Soil, Forage and Water Testing Laboratory and the Texas Plant Disease Diagnostic Laboratory.

e. Web-based Courses-

   Fees can be assessed for access to online (Web-based) courses, particularly those which grant CEUs or other qualifying credentials. Fees should include the cost of materials distributed in support of the course, costs of course development and support, and a return to the cost of the course delivery hardware and software. The fees may be comparable to, or higher than, fees set for direct delivered courses on the same topics, as online courses generally take more time to develop, and provide a convenience factor for the customer.

f. Sale of Advertising

   Because Extension must remain objective and not be identified as endorsing products, services, or firms, Texas A&M AgriLife Extension Service will **NOT** sell advertising for inclusion in publications, websites, or program activities.

3. Establishing Costs

   Costs for fee-based activities and materials will be determined by the agents and or specialists in charge of the effort with input from others involved and with appropriate administrative approval. The worksheet for projecting cost for fee-based programs (*Attachment 1-see Appendix A-1*) can be useful in helping determine the fee to be charged. Consideration should be given to travel costs as outlined in the Guiding Principles for Specialist travel associated with county program support.
When determining charges for publications and educational materials, allowance should be made for storage of materials, postage/handling and costs to maintain inventories. The storage and handling costs are built into the pricing formula by the Texas A&M AgriLife Extension Bookstore. Agricultural Communications staff can help work through the formula.

The agency recovers partial cost for educational programs for the agency. Educational group meetings will charge a minimum $10 per participant or 10% of the registration fee per participants, whichever greater. For example, if the registration fee is $100 or less, the minimum cost to be recovered is $10 per registrant. If the registration fee is more than $100, the minimum cost to be recovered is 10 percent of the fee. Laboratory services, copy services and publication sales will have a 15 percent fee applied. Additionally, transactions paid by credit cards processed by Cash Management will be subject to an additional fee. This fee, currently 3%, is based on actual charges from our credit card processor and is reviewed annually. Units processing their own credit cards, including those with e-commerce sites, will be responsible for the actual fees charged on the applicable merchant statement.

Revenue from grants and contracts will be assessed an indirect cost rate of 26% unless other arrangements are made with the Director’s office. The Agency’s Indirect Cost Policy will be used to return funds to units. (Attachment 2-see Appendix A-2)

C. For Sale Publication/Educational Materials Pricing

1. For-sale-only publications - The price is set by the author in consultation with the editor.
2. Standard publications (for sale to the public but not to internal customers) - The price is 3 times the printing cost per copy, rounded up to the nearest quarter. However, the minimum price is $2.00.

D. Fee-based Internal Financial Management Documentation

Administration of Fee-based Funds

For agency held workshops - resources are available to units to assist with conferencing details. Resources are described below.

1. Texas A&M AgriLife Extension Service - Conference Services For conferences and funds administered through Texas A&M AgriLife Extension Conference Services, contact: Texas A&M AgriLife Extension Conference Services 2139 TAMU College Station, TX 77843-2139 Phone: 979-845-2604 Fax: 979-862-4511 E-mail: agriliferegister@tamu.edu Website: http://agriliferegister.tamu.edu/ Conference Services provide an array of administrative and support services which are designed to assist in the development, promotion
and delivery of quality conferences, workshops, meetings, seminars or web based courses. The online registration system accepts credit cards (MasterCard, Visa and Discover), purchase orders and payment by check. Registration confirmation and receipt emailed immediately to registrant. Conference materials can be posted online; online registration can be personalized with logos and website links. Electronic access to rosters with registration details, session summaries and fee status is available. Fees are based on the level of service and the registration fee.

Complete details are available at the Conference Services website http://agriliferegister.tamu.edu or by contacting the Conference Services office.

2. If onsite registration is done in addition to online registration, receipt books must be requested through Conference Services. Only numbered receipts issued by Cash Management through Conference Services are to be used when collecting funds for Texas A&M AgriLife Extension Service fee based programs.
   b. Contact the AgriLife Conference Services office or the Texas A&M AgriLife Cash Manager for clarification of any of the procedures.
   c. Refunds on registrations handled by Conference Services must be requested through Conference Services.

The Texas A&M AgriLife Cash Management Office

Funds administered directly by the District Office and Units should be submitted directly to Cash Management via the following procedures.

Contact the Texas A&M AgriLife Cash Management Office (979-845-0323) to request receipt books. Only numbered receipts issued by Cash Management are to be used when collecting funds for Texas AgriLife Extension Service fee based programs.

The Cash Management office accepts checks, cash and two credit cards (MasterCard and Visa). Both credit card vendors have mandated requirements for safe guarding personal card data. At the time funds are received, a receipt must be written. Funds must be transmitted to the Cash Management Office within three calendar days, at a minimum, or daily when the funds collected exceed $200. The three day requirement is a TAMUS policy and is required by the state.

1. Units collecting funds should transmit funds by completing a Deposit Form (AG-207). All fund transmittals are the same regardless if they are mailed in periodically prior to an event, or are face-to-face payments at the door.
2. If payment is made by credit card, the following information is required:
i. Name on credit card
ii. Credit card number
iii. Expiration date
iv. Billing zip code for credit card
v. Daytime phone number of payee

3. Credit card charges and receipts must be submitted on a separate Deposit Form (AG-207) for the cash & checks collected. Credit Card Authorization – Extension (AG-223A) is available for capturing this information.

4. Delivery of receipts should be made as listed in the Texas A&M AgriLife Cash Management Procedures which can be found at: http://agrilifeas.tamu.edu/fiscal/cash-mgmt/index.php Although credit card payments must be submitted on separate Deposit Forms, the forms do not have to be sent separately.

5. Refunds- If for any reason a refund must be issued; a Deduction from Income (DFI) Form (AG-210) must be completed (separate form for each refund requested). Instructions regarding completion of these forms may be found on the Cash Management website.

   a) To issue refunds via check, a valid payee number must be in place. A completed W-9 form is required to establish a payee number.

   b) If the original deposit was made via credit card, the refund will be issued via a credit to the original credit card. For credit card refunds, please provide all of the appropriate credit card information: (identified above).

   c) An approved signer on the account must sign the DFI prior to submission to the Cash Management office.


2. Disbursements

   All expenditures, regardless of which registration procedure above is used, should be made in compliance with The Texas A&M AgriLife Extension Service Procedure: 25.07.03.X1.01 Acquisition of Goods and/or Services (http://agrilifeas.tamu.edu/rules-procedures/extension/index.php#25expenditure-of-funds). This procedure encompasses other Purchasing Procedures, including the use of HUB vendors.

   Disbursements must be made through the District Office/Unit/Department. All purchases must have a Financial Accounting Management Information Systems (FAMIS) purchase
order in place prior to making the purchase. Guidelines may be found at: http://agrilifeas.tamu.edu/documents/guidelines-disb-funds-2.pdf

3. 4-H Connect Web-based Registration
Because of the unique requirements of Extension’s 4-H and Youth Development program related to web-based registration, the 4-H CONNECT system has been developed for state registration programs on-line. The website for 4-H Connect is: https://texas.4honline.com/Login.aspx.

E. AgriLife – Contracts and Grants Reference Guide
Website: http://agrilifeas.tamu.edu/cg/index.php

1. General Information
Proposals and agreements for the Texas A&M AgriLife Extension Service, regardless of amount or origin (i.e. district, region, state or federal) must be routed through the Texas A&M University System (TAMUS) Sponsored Research Services (SRS), and signed by an authorized Texas A&M AgriLife Extension Service official. Only those officials who have been delegated by the Board of Regents have signature authority for the agency.

The Texas A&M University System (TAMUS) Sponsored Research Services (SRS) provides services to Extension employees for the development, routing, approval and fiscal oversight of proposals, contracts, agreements, and grants. The Sponsored Research Services (SRS) website https://srs.tamus.edu/ provides many tools. The tools include, but are not limited to: forms, staff listing, fringe benefit rates, procedures, and federal regulations. The staff listing and contact information can be found on the website.

2. Definitions

a. Grants (TAMUS Regulation 15.01.01): A grant is an award of financial assistance to accomplish a public purpose. Grants may be in the form of cash or property. The cash or property is designated by the grantor to be used for a specific educational, research, or extension project or activity, thus serving a specific interest or objective of the grantor. Grants awarded by federal agencies are subject to Office of Management and Budget (OMB) Circular A-110 and regulations established by the awarding agencies.

b. Contracts (TAMUS Regulation 15.01.01): An award by a sponsor to procure goods or services (including research) needed by the sponsor. Most contracts require that the deliverables must be met. Contracts awarded by federal agencies are usually subject to the Federal Acquisition Regulation.
c. **Gifts** *(TAMUS Regulation 21.05.01)*:

A gift or donation is cash or property, other than real property, received for the purpose of a program for the public good, scholarship funds, equipment for research, and for other educational purposes, without expectation of specific benefit to the donor. Examples of specific benefit to a donor would be use of the funds to perform research which is to be reported to or to become the property of the donor, or to test for the donor's purposes equipment or a product provided by the donor. Not included in this definition of a gift, for this purpose, is government support, whether federal, state, local or foreign; an unpaid pledge; or value of services provided by volunteers.

3. **Pre-Award Information (Proposal Development/Submission)**

   a. The first step in developing a proposal is to contact the pre-award staff to let them know which program and sponsor is being looked at when applying for external funding. Employees should inform their supervisor of intent to apply at the same time. Provide a copy of the program guidelines to the Pre-awards office for them to review the eligibility requirements, limitations, formatting and other program specific requirements.

   b. The second step is to review the published rules at [http://agrilifeas.tamu.edu/library/pdf/rules-procedures/150101x101.pdf](http://agrilifeas.tamu.edu/library/pdf/rules-procedures/150101x101.pdf). These rules explain the steps necessary to submit a proposal.

   c. The third step is to work on developing a budget. An early draft of the budget should be sent to the pre-award staff for review. When developing the budget be sure to include the correct fringe rates and facilities and administrative costs (indirect costs) and the pre-award staff is available to assist in developing the budget.

      i) Fringe Rates - cover the required federal FICA, UCI, WCI and the TAMUS medical insurance and retirement rates. The rates are published every fiscal year by Texas A&M University System and can be found at [http://www.tamus.edu/offices/budget-acct/acct/costs/fringebenefits/](http://www.tamus.edu/offices/budget-acct/acct/costs/fringebenefits/)

      ii) Facilities and Administrative (F&A) - Indirect cost must be included in the budget as part of the cumulative cost of the project. The F&A rate is negotiated with the federal government and covers expenses that are real costs to the agency but are difficult to attribute directly to the project, e.g. electricity, facility maintenance, office supplies, etc. The current rate for Extension activities is 26% of Modified Total Direct Costs (26% of all costs except equipment that costs $5,000 or more and that portion of a subcontract greater than $25,000) *(Attachment 2-see Appendix: A-2).*
4. **Post-Award Information**

a. The Post-Award office produces a monthly report of all the awards received each month and it can be viewed at [http://agrilifeas.tamu.edu/cg/activity-reports/index.php](http://agrilifeas.tamu.edu/cg/activity-reports/index.php)

b. The Post-award office will negotiate with the sponsor and finalize the agreement language. The agreement is routed for Unit approval and to administration for approval. If necessary, the agreement is also routed back to the sponsor for their approval.

c. The standard MOA is most often used when dealing with private companies and non-profit sponsors. The MOA is necessary anytime the sponsor requires some type of deliverable as a result of providing support of your program. Federal and state agencies may use specific grant or contract agreements to facilitate sponsoring a project.

d. The post-award office will establish an account when a fully executed agreement is in place. An electronic notification will be sent to the Extension employee and their unit administrator and business manager once an account is established.

e. Allowable Expenditures: Allowable expenditures can vary from agreement to agreement depending on the terms and conditions of that particular agreement. It is very important to fully read the award documents and to know the budget. Federal awards are governed by the cost principles of [OMB Circular A-21](http://agrilifeas.tamu.edu/cg/resources/#links). Section J. of A-21 further defines allowable costs. A link to A-21 may be found at [http://agrilifeas.tamu.edu/cg/resources/#links](http://agrilifeas.tamu.edu/cg/resources/#links). Most awards from State of Texas agencies also follow similar costs standards as A-21.

f. Projects dealing with human subjects, biosafety, or the use of animals, require the protocols to be approved by the respective internal review committees/boards established by Texas A&M University.


5. **Gift Agreements**

Gift agreements may be used when a sponsor does not require any type of deliverable as a result of providing funds or the donation of goods. The procedure for processing gift agreements can be found at [http://agrilifeas.tamu.edu/documents/210501x001.pdf](http://agrilifeas.tamu.edu/documents/210501x001.pdfprocedures/210501x101.pdf). There are three types of gift agreement.


6. **Contracts with Vendors**

Any contractual agreements utilizing Texas A&M AgriLife Extension funds must be signed by an appropriate agency administrator as designated by the TAMUS Board of Regents. These agreements include but are not limited to facility use, use of arenas and show facilities, land and access to property or materials. Contracts and Grants can assist in providing review of any agency contracts.

F. **Open Records Act Implications**

**Definition of Public Information**

The Texas Public Information Act (Texas Government Code, Chapter 552), specifies that, with certain exceptions, all information collected, assembled, or maintained pursuant to law or ordinance or in connection with the transaction of official business by a governmental body or for a governmental body, or if the governmental body owns or has access to the information, is public information and must be available to the public during normal business hours of the governmental body.

**TAMUS Regulation**

As a component of the Texas A&M University System (TAMUS), the Texas A&M AgriLife Extension Service is obligated to comply with this law and with TAMUS Regulation 61.01.02 Public Information [http://tamus.edu/offices/policy/policies/pdf/61-01-02.pdf](http://tamus.edu/offices/policy/policies/pdf/61-01-02.pdf). These guidelines state that with limited exceptions, information created, gathered, or maintained by Texas A&M AgriLife Extension Service is presumed to be available to the public. However, personal data concerning credit card numbers, social security numbers, bank account numbers, etc., is not public information and is redacted before responding to a request for public information. The procedure and timelines for requesting public information and responding to such a request is included in the guidelines. It is important to remember that if an employee possesses a document, they are required to release it. If a request for public information (often referred to as an “open
records request”) is received, the employee should contact their supervisor prior to responding to any request. The supervisor will contact the individual designated as the Texas A&M AgriLife Extension Service public information officer and the Director’s Office for appropriate response.

G. Record Retention

Questions regarding the retention of specific records should be referred to their immediate supervisor or the Agency Record Retention Officer for guidance.

Record Retention Time-line-

No one set of time limits for retention applies to all records. The time line varies with each type of document.

1. TAMUS Regulation and Resources

Texas A&M AgriLife Extension Procedure 61.99.01.X1.01, Retention of State Records, provides the guidance on the retention and disposition of state records. Texas Government Code § 441.180(11) defines a State Record as “any written, photographic, machine-readable, or other recorded information created or received by or on behalf of the Texas A&M University System that documents activities in the conduct of the state business or use of public resources.”

2. Resources

a. TAMUS Regulation 61.99.01 Retention and Disposition of Public Records
   http://policies.tamus.edu/61-99-01.pdf

b. TAMUS Records Retention Schedule

c. TAMUS Office of Policy Implementation and Compliance
   http://www.tamus.edu/offices/policy/policies/

H. Texas A&M AgriLife Extension Service Bookstore Procedures

The Texas A&M AgriLife Extension Service Bookstore (http://agrilifebookstore.org) was created as the central point of access for all of Extension’s educational materials. Administrative procedures require that product sales be managed through the Bookstore. This ensures that proper fiscal and cash management procedures will be followed and that income distribution will be handled uniformly across the agency. Products may not be sold directly from specialists’ offices or in any other way without prior administrative approval.

Educational materials created by Extension specialists or acquired from other sources and vetted by appropriate faculty for relevancy and accuracy, will be offered to the public, and to internal customers, via the Texas A&M AgriLife Extension Service Bookstore.
Besides the complimentary copy of their publications, on occasion, authors may take materials out of the Bookstore on consignment to sell at workshops, meetings, fairs, etc. To do so, the author completes an Author Request Form (Attachment-see Appendix A-3). After the event, the author is responsible for collecting funds, (including sales tax where applicable), returning money received, copies of customer receipts, and any unsold items to the Bookstore. All receipts are managed by the Extension Fiscal Office.

Bookstore inventory is considered an agency asset having monetary value, and is managed accordingly. The value of Bookstore inventory is reported regularly on the agency annual financial review and audited by appropriate audit entities.

I. Royalty Income - Licensing Materials

A. Licensing Process

a. Materials designed with "royalty" potential should be designated during initial development. Materials having “for sale” potential beyond the Texas A&M AgriLife Extension Service Bookstore or normal channels available to specialist should be designated at the outset of the production process. The authors and/or support units must have a sound rationale for licensing based on some type of valid market assessment.

b. The heads of the support units will review and sign off on the proposed royalty program in which their staff is involved. This is required in order to verify and/or negotiate the agreement so that clear expectations of creative claims by all parties are stated.


d. Expenses incurred in the development of a project which generates royalty and any administrative costs are reimbursed before any dollars are distributed to creators, co-creators, or departments.

e. Special rules relate to use of the 4-H Clover and can be reviewed on the NIFA website. http://www.csrees.usda.gov/about/offices/legis/4hname_emblem.html

The Royalty Income Distribution Agreement Form (Attachment 4-see Appendix A-4) is used for this purpose.

J. Consulting/Outside Employment

All payments to the Texas A&M AgriLife Extension Service employees for services provided (includes livestock judging) should be covered by an approved Request for Consulting and Outside Professional Employment for Faculty and Extension Agents, form AG-406 routed through the appropriate agency.
K. Reimbursement of Expenses

Expenses in connection with educational activities provided may be paid directly by an external group and received by a faculty member or county Extension agent. However, the check should be made payable to The Texas A&M AgriLife Extension Service accounts using AgriLife Extension Unrestricted Cash Gift Agreement, form AG-102. A request for reimbursement of out of pocket expenditures incurred by Extension employee may be processed under appropriate TAMUS/the Texas AgriLife Extension Service procedures.

L. Honorarium on Official Time

Where an honorarium is provided for Extension staff in connection with their official duties it is preferable that such payments should be made payable and deposited with the agency in a Texas A&M AgriLife Extension Service Designated Account.

If the honorarium is made payable directly to an employee, a personal check should be written and deposited to the Texas A&M AgriLife Extension Service designated fund to offset honorarium and to document the activity.

The Unrestricted Cash Gift Agreement Form AG-102 (http://agrilifeas.tamu.edu/library/pdf/forms/AG-102.pdf) should accompany the funds to document the deposit and intended use of such funds. This rule is consistent with TAMUS Policy 07.03 and 07.04 (http://www.tamus.edu/offices/policy/policies/) regarding the acceptance of an honorarium.


A. Executive Summary

The Texas A&M AgriLife Extension Service, as a state agency and part of the Texas A&M University System, receives federal, state, and county funding to support its educational outreach to all 254 counties in Texas and all units and departments of the Texas AgriLife Extension Service. Educational outreach must meet the current needs and concerns of Texas citizens. These needs and concerns are determined by grassroots groups who operate in concert with county Extension agents and specialists. Employees of the Texas AgriLife Extension Service should not hold an officer position with a support group, nor have voting rights. However, Extension employees can serve in an advisory capacity.
Any group, other than the Texas AgriLife Extension Service employees acting in their official capacity, is considered an external support group. These external support groups, as they are providing outreach education, may seek and secure funds. This document outlines desired procedures for management of seeking, securing, and providing day-to-day accountability of these funds.

This guide supports and assists Extension and volunteers with information for financial resource management, including tax exemption status. Examples of external support groups identified in this document are not all-inclusive and are used as models only; however the guidelines do apply to all groups.

B. Support Funds Defined

These best practices address funds and physical items of value which are not considered the property of the Texas A&M AgriLife Extension Service. If funds or property are considered the property of the Texas A&M AgriLife Extension Service, then an early determination should be made of that fact and all the Texas A&M AgriLife Extension Service and TAMUS policies should be applied.

Support Funds generally include fee based programs, sales and registrations, personal and corporate contributions, and grants. These are received and held by external support groups such as 4-H Council, 4-H Volunteer Leaders Association, Master Gardeners Association, etc. Although the Texas A&M AgriLife Extension Service employees are directly involved in supporting these groups, actual legal ownership of funds and property must reside with the association or organization. All external support group funds are the sole property of the group and are under their respective control and management at all times.

C. Extension Program and Compliance Review of Support Fund Accounts

1. Rationale for Review

All employees and volunteers of the Texas A&M AgriLife Extension Service have responsibilities for achieving compliance with the provisions and best practices of financial resource management with external support groups. It is also important to know that Extension support groups are delivering quality, educational programs through proper management of available resources. One of the procedures developed to help employees and volunteers make sure they are complying with all the provisions and best management practices is an in-depth review of support fund accounts on a district specific rotation basis. The procedure will be carried out by reviewing each county and unit during the program and compliance review conference. The review of support fund accounts will help to ensure:

1. Internal controls for external support fund accounts.
2. Proper record keeping and authorization.
3. Separation of duties in receiving, handling and disbursing funds.
4. Established by-laws for receiving and disbursing funds and the disposition of support group’s assets.
5. Preparation of an annual budget.
6. Submission of Balance Sheet financial status reports by external support groups. *(Attachment 6-6e-see Appendix A-6e)*.
7. Established written policy for inventory control and disposition of tangible items.
9. Proper tax forms filed.

The Extension financial review of support group fund accounts received will be included with the County Extension Program and Compliance Review conference. The “External Support Group Fund Review”, *(Attachment 7-see Appendix A-7)* may be used to assist with preparation for the review.

2. **Review Guidelines**

District Extension Administrators and County Extension Directors will conference and develop plans for the county program and review conference. General guidelines for the financial review conference include the following:

a. The support material/documentation needed at the time of the financial review conference will be included in the confirmation date/time to county faculty.

b. The financial review process will include the total Extension staff and support staff. District Extension Administrators and County Extension Directors will:
   i. Discuss intent/benefits/expectations of financial review of support fund accounts.
   ii. Emphasize that as part of the financial review, will be looking for adherence to the “Best Practices: The Texas A&M AgriLife Extension Service: Financial Resource Management” Guidelines, as referenced.

c. Each faculty member who is connected to a support group with external funds should be prepared to present requested documentation for each group account that is prepared by the group member.

3. **External Support Group Program and Compliance Review** *(Attachment 8-see Appendix A-8)*

Each support group’s annual report for the current year and the following documentation will be reviewed:

   i. Proper Account Name
   ii. Employer Tax ID Number
   iii. Proper Signatures on Account
   iv. Annual Budget for Account
   v. Tangible Property Inventory
   vi. Standing Rules and Investment Policy

Discuss procedures for handling funds for the accounts

   i. Receipting funds received and depositing funds
   ii. Requesting payments
   iii. Bank statements

**D. Ownership and Accountability**

Understanding and documenting the ownership of funds is important in safeguarding resources, assigning accountability, and maintaining public confidence. The Texas A&M AgriLife Extension Service seeks to establish the clear understanding that external support
group funds are not the property of Extension and are not controlled by the agency or its employees. To accomplish this goal, a written record of ownership, should be prepared by the owner and kept on file in the Extension office (e.g. written by-laws or comparable document). Any indication that support group funds are Extension property should be corrected and avoided in the future.

In the course of employment, Extension employees may be involved in the receipt of monies for deposit by support organizations into support group accounts. For example agents may facilitate the collection of registration fees, etc. Clarifying Extension and support group roles, establishing accountability and creating an environment that encourages sound money handling practices by support groups will help safeguard funds, and prevent misunderstandings, while protecting Extension, its employees, and the support group leadership.

The responsibility for control and oversight of external support group funds rests with the group itself and not with Extension. However, Extension does have an interest in ensuring that support groups do not improperly use their relationship or association with the agency when collecting monies or receiving donations. Care should be taken to ensure that the use of donated funds matches the purpose for which the funds were donated and that funds are utilized in a timely manner rather than reside in dormant accounts.

E. Management and Administrative Guidelines

Through this document, administrators have defined guidelines for the activities of employees under their administrative umbrella. It is important to demonstrate that the guidelines have been effectively communicated to the employees who work with external groups which have a risk for loss, misuse, or theft. Appropriate Extension staff should request an annual reporting of external support group funds. The support group’s report should be kept on file as documentation. (*Attachment 8 - see Appendix A-8*)

F. Training Requirements of Extension Employees for External Support Groups

Extension employees are expected to provide training for their external support groups on best management practices for their respective funds. Training will be conducted by employees for the treasurer or other person(s) identified or designated by each of the groups. Training materials and resources are available to employees to support the training. Employees will also be provided with resources that can be distributed directly to external support groups to use and reference in managing funds. Training for support groups should take place periodically and as often as necessary to ensure the group is equipped to manage their funds appropriately. Training for existing groups should be done immediately, while training of new groups that form over time should be conducted prior to their receiving funds.

G. 501(c) 3 Status

The Texas A&M AgriLife Extension Service faculty will not recommend nor be a party to the creation of a 501(c) 3 or any other organization for the purpose of circumventing of TAMUS/the Texas A&M AgriLife Extension Service Policy and Procedures.
V. Management Recommendations for External Support Group
Program Finances and Assets Responsibilities

A. Responsibilities

1. External Support Groups

   a. Each external support group is responsible for having its treasurer maintain
      a record of activities, maintain a record of contributions received, and
      prepare and keep on file a record of financial transactions.
   
   b. State/Federal law requires that funds raised or given in support of all
      Extension programs be handled in a manner of public trust.
   
   c. Those responsible for handling funds must do so in an open, responsible
      and trustworthy manner.
   
   d. Each year, an “Annual Review of Support Group Fund” (Attachment 8-see
      Appendix A-8) should be completed by the Support Group and provided to
      the agent serving as their contact.
   
   e. Support groups must clearly identify or designate those individuals who
      have fiscal responsibility and how accountability is assured.
      Documentation of the accountable parties and their accountability should
      include:
      
      i. Name(s) of individual(s) authorized to sign on the accounts
         or authorized to increase or decrease the value of the assets.
      
      ii. EIN (Employer Identification Number) of accounts.
      
      iii. Physical location of assets.
      
      iv. Name(s) of individual(s) responsible for financial
          review/auditing the assets.
      
      v. Board members/committee members, club managers and
         treasurers must carry out their respective responsibilities as
         defined in the rules and guidelines for handling finances and
         assets.

2. 4-H Clubs

Specifically for 4-H clubs/groups, the following applies as stated in
federal statute (Title 18, U.S.C. 707) (Attachment 9 see Appendix A-9). The responsibilities of
the Texas A&M AgriLife Extension Service Director and Associate Director for Youth Development and Human Sciences are as follows:

   a. To authorize use of the 4-H name and emblem within the policies of
      AgriLife Extension Service and the Secretary of the United States
      Department of Agriculture.
b. To keep a record of all 4-H organizations to which authority to use the 4-H name and emblem has been granted within the county or multi-county area for which the designated agent is responsible.

c. To secure from each organization authorized to use the 4-H name and emblem a periodic report (at least annually) of its activities.

d. To review each 4-H organization’s activities to determine that they continue to meet the particular 4-H objectives for which it was established and that the 4-H name and emblem are used in accordance with the statute.

e. To issue a 4-H Club Charter, authorizing a group or volunteer leader to carry out a program of youth activities using the 4-H name and emblem.

B. Proposals, Grants, Contributions, and Gifts

Securing external funds for program enhancement is an acceptable way to expand programming. When external groups seek funds they must adhere to sound fiscal management procedures and ensure that accountability measures are in place prior to the submission of a proposal.

An external committee/group may not propose or commit Extension resources or personnel without prior approval by the Extension employee, his/her supervisor, and the AgriLife Contracts and Grants office.

A grant proposal cannot be requested nor received on behalf of the Texas A&M AgriLife Extension Service without the Extension Director’s approval. All Texas A&M AgriLife Extension Service grants will be administered through the AgriLife Contracts and Grants office.

1. All grants, contributions, and gifts to the Texas A&M AgriLife Extension Service must be transmitted to the Texas A&M AgriLife Extension Service with the agency’s rule-based procedures and required documentation forms.

2. Any access to external support group grant funds where a Texas A&M AgriLife Extension Service employee is asked to bear the burden of primary performance and/or responsible for the successful completion of the project, should be reviewed to determine if a sub-contract through Contracts and Grants should be initiated.

3. Where the Texas A&M AgriLife Extension Service staff have access to grant funds received by another party (County, foundation, local 501 (c)3, or support group), access to funds should be outlined in writing with allowable expenditures clearly defined.

4. Where staff provide procurement function or make payments, the responsibility and clear description of duties, including audit procedures, must be in writing and must be reviewed by the staff’s immediate supervisor prior to any action. Actual payment should always be processed by the external support group. In no case should a Texas A&M AgriLife Extension Service staff member ever possess a blank check with an affixed signature.
C. **Internal Controls for External Support Groups**

Listed are best practices for external support groups to ensure sound financial management and fiduciary responsibility and limit their respective liability.

1. External support group treasurers should be provided guidance and training on sound fiduciary responsibility and practices. Annual compliance should be monitored by a Texas A&M AgriLife Extension Service employee who works with the program support group.

2. Each county Extension program area should have a committee or task force to direct its financial resource management. Each committee or task force would determine county program needs, develop a budget, assist in securing adequate finances and resources, and hold those responsible accountable for the intended use. *(See sample budget, budget sheet and budget form – [Attachments 6-6e see Appendix A-6 -6e]*)

3. The name “Texas A&M AgriLife Extension Service” or “Extension” should not be listed as owner of the fund account. The owner should be the Program Council Fund, “Committee Fund” or “4-H Fund” Do not use the term “county” in the name or it could be confused with other county government accounts.

4. It is recommended each program area account be kept separate and funds not co-mingled. It is important to keep track of different program funds using separate account or support accounts.

5. No Texas A&M AgriLife Extension Service employee will have custody, signature authority, or online access, of an external support group bank account or certificate of deposit.

6. External support groups should ensure restricted access to bank accounts by signature authority and online access.

7. External support group bank statements should not be addressed to any Texas A&M AgriLife Extension Service staff member. The following options are available for support groups to receive bank statements:
   a. The external support group can secure a post office box for receipt of bank statements and other correspondence. The support group should provide approval and assume responsibility for the post office box.
   b. The bank statement can be addressed to the external support group and mailed to the county Extension office’s address or to a specialist’s address. The statement envelope should not be opened by Extension personnel or support staff unless the group or club has dissolved. The external support group’s treasurer should be notified that the statement is available.
8. AgriLife Extension employees may facilitate the registration and collection of fees for activities and competitions, but should not receipt, control, or make deposit of external support group funds. Volunteers or county support staff where necessary, may conduct the process.

9. In county programs where it is a necessity for county Extension office support staff (county employees) to receipt funds, an option is to have those individuals handling funds to be bonded with the cost borne by the external support group or county government. See How to Secure a Bond. *(Attachment 10 see Appendix A-10)*

10. Record Keeping/Authorization by Support Group Treasurer:

   a. Detailed records should be kept on money collected including the type of funds, date collected, from whom, amount collected, and purpose. Records also should be kept for funds spent, including date spent, who was paid, amount paid and purpose of payments.

   b. The use of computer software package with adequate built-in controls is recommended any time a bank account is involved. Accounting software similar to "Quicken™" is suggested.

   c. Record multiple copied pre-numbered cash receipts immediately upon receipt. Depositing funds on a daily basis is preferred. It is suggested that all funds be deposited within three working days, or when funds exceed $200.

   d. Prepare a list of all remittances received and make comparisons of this list with subsequent bank deposits.

   e. Where county support staff collect and receipt funds, there should always be a signed Transmittal Form in duplicate for the collected funds from the external support group representative upon transfer of said funds. *(Attachment 11 see Appendix A-11)*

   f. Adequate physical facilities should be provided for safeguarding cash in the possession of individuals authorized to handle cash (e.g. safe, locked cabinet, etc.).

   g. Make all payments by serially numbered checks. All receipts, checks, orders, etc. should have a pre-numbered sequence for accounting purposes. Maintain duplicate copies of receipts given to individuals who receive transmittal of funds.

   h. Checks should not be made payable to “cash”.

   i. All supporting payment documentation should be stamped or adequately marked to prevent their reuse.
j. A Check Request should be used to authorize payment. *(Attachment 12 see Appendix A-12)*

k. Issue checks to vendors only for payment of approved original invoices which have been re-added and verified. Verify with receiving documentation or other evidence that the goods or services are complete.

l. Reimbursement claims should be supported by cash register tapes or paid invoices. In incidences where supporting document is not available, the Affidavit of Expenditure form *(Attachment 13 see Appendix A-13)* should be used.

m. If a vendor requires prepayment, an initialed statement can be used as support until the item is purchased. The subsequent invoice can be attached later.

n. Bank statements should be reconciled monthly and any adjustments recorded in the records or reported to the bank immediately by the support group treasurer. Texas A&M AgriLife Extension Service employees cannot perform these reconciliations. Employees can facilitate the process by allowing the use of the county computer, but no files or fiscal records should be maintained on the hard-drive of the office computer.

o. Inventory of equipment or other property should be listed and the list assigned to a custodian identified by the group. Title to any equipment purchased should be determined and should be indicated on the inventory from date of purchase. The custodian should make an accurate accounting initially and report this to the group’s officers. Any changes in inventory should be updated monthly. Periodic physical counts should be made by another group member to guard against shrinkage by loss or theft. If title to inventoried property (over $5,000) is to be donated to the Texas A&M AgriLife Extension, a Non Cash Gift Agreement, form AG-103 should be completed and appropriate inventory procedures should be followed.

p. Support group financial computer records should be kept secure with a backup system in place and handled the same as hard copies.

q. All checks returned by the bank for insufficient funds should be dealt with immediately by the designee of the group, and a follow-up record maintained. Where possible, the bank charges should be paid by the offender.

11. Separation of Duties

a. The person who collects funds and the person who writes checks should not be the same. For example, a county support staff member can collect entry fees and then give the money to the treasurer of the organization for
deposit. Preparing a list of all remittances received in the mail and transmittals, and then comparing this list with subsequent bank deposits should be a routine function of officers and/or the financial review committee.

b. The person who writes the checks should not be the one who reconciles the bank statement. Bank statements should be delivered unopened directly to the reconciler.

12. Notify the bank immediately with a signed letter from officers when signature authority and online accessibility changes.

D. Documentation For External Support Groups

1. All external support groups must have a set of by-laws that include provisions for receiving and disbursing funds and the disposition of external support group assets if the group disbands. See the Required Dissolution Clause, Local Club or Group By-laws document. (Attachment 14 see Appendix A-14)

2. Each external support group should prepare an annual budget and submit it to the appropriate committee or task force. See the Resources for Group or Committee Budget documents. (Attachment 6-6e see Appendix 6-6e)

3. External support groups should conduct a financial review of all their funds and submit a financial review report to the county Extension office or Associate Department Head annually. (Attachment 8 see Appendix A-8)

4. Officers or the Financial Review Committee reviews clubs, organizations and task force reports, arranges for the financial review of their external support accounts and assets, and provides an accounting report to the entire committee.

5. Written policy is suggested for marking inventory control and the disposition of all tangible items (established by dollar value) after the useful life of such items expires.

6. External support groups review and approve an annual report accounting for the finances and resources used to support the Extension program. County Extension agents should place a copy of this report on file in the county Extension office and submit a copy of the Annual Review of Support Group Fund document to the District Extension Office. Specialists should place a copy in department files and submit a copy to the Associate Department Head (Attachment 8 see Appendix A-8). External support groups should retain copies of the review for no less than three years.

7. Associate Department Heads, District Extension Administrators and County Extension Directors review reports and inventory annually at review conferences.
8. All relevant documentation will be reviewed by District Extension Administrators/County Extension Directors during scheduled program and compliance review conferences.

VI. Texas A&M AgriLife Extension Service Professional Associations

A. Fiscal Separation

Extension professional associations serve an important role in offering educational opportunities to help educators maintain and grow in subject matter expertise and leadership development. Although composed of Extension employees, it is important to ensure that the financial activities of the associations are separate from Extension educational events/activities. Both professional association members and the public should clearly understand the purpose of funds when they are collected.

B. Fund-Raising

Fund-raising events are often sponsored by the associations (silent auction, meal service, etc.). It is important that checks for these activities be made out to the appropriate association and not to Extension. Such funds should be used for professional development of association members.

C. Guidelines for Handling Association Funds

A treasurer of an Extension professional association may solicit and receive dues from members and keep the information on the Extension computer. (Note: maintaining association information on an agency computer makes records accessible to the general public through the open records act.)

Charging additional funds at an Extension program in order to pay for association dues is NOT allowed.

As per TAMUS policy, payment of personal professional dues from association revenue could be perceived as a conflict of interest and a personal benefit and should not be done in the name of Extension or on Extension time.

No Extension fee-based educational program funds may be collected, deposited, or expended from any professional association account. Professional association accounts should not be used to collect Extension fee-based program funds. Fee-based program checks should be made out to the appropriate Extension account or external committee that will be sponsoring the event and accepting the funds. If a local support committee chooses to fund an Extension professional association activity, the check should be made out to the association for professional development.

When acting on behalf of a professional organization, it is not appropriate to use Extension titles. The title in which the individual is “acting on behalf” should be used when signing documents for that organization.
VII. Taxes

A. Federal Taxes

1. Federal Income Taxes Related to Extension Support Groups (other than 4-H)

   a. Non 4-H Extension groups are NOT federal income tax exempt

   b. Incorporation or 501(c)3 status does not exempt support groups from following suggested guidelines.

   c. Each group/club should have its own Employee Identification Number **NEVER** use anyone's personal social security number for the account tax identification number. Interest paid on those accounts will be reported to the IRS under that individual’s social security number. The SS-4 form will cause the IRS to assign a number to the club or organization that looks like XX-XXXXXXX, whereas an individual social security number looks like XXX-XX-XXXX.

External support groups are **NEVER** allowed to use the Texas A&M AgriLife Extension Service tax identification number.

2. Federal Income Taxes Related to the 4-H and Youth Development Program

   a. 4-H Clubs/Groups – An IRS tax identification number is required to do business with banking and savings institutions. It is a ten-digit number and IRS will assign this number to a 4-H Club or a County 4-H Fund. An SS-4 form is used to request this from the IRS. The Application for Employer Identification Number form can be found in Attachment 15. (see Appendix A-15) If a club or an account does not have this number, apply directly with the IRS. If you do not know whether a club has an EIN number, an individual with authorized signature authority on record with the bank will need to verify the account with the IRS to ensure compliance and that the correct EIN is being used. All financial institutions require this number.

   b. A sample SS-4 form with key information examples is included in the attachments on this document (Attachment 16 see Appendix A-16)

   c. The Texas 4-H rules and guidelines and additional information related to 4-H and Youth Development is located at [http://texas4-H.tamu.edu/files/2013/07/resource_annual_membership_rules_guidelines_1314.pdf](http://texas4-H.tamu.edu/files/2013/07/resource_annual_membership_rules_guidelines_1314.pdf)

   d. The Internal Revenue Service has assigned a federal income tax group exemption to 4-H organizations and affiliated groups to use when filing tax returns, which is 2704. This is not an Employer Identification Number or a Sales Tax Exemption number.
3. All 4-H Clubs or groups using the federal Group Exemption number must file a Form 990. Gross income should be considered in its broadest term and includes all receipts from gifts, donations, sale of goods, fees, dues and so forth, without reduction for the cost of goods or asset sold or for expenses. Schedule A or T may be required based on where funds originate. This is especially true for sponsorships, grants, and donations.

Even though the 4-H and Youth Development Program is IRS tax exempt, official reporting with the IRS is required. All Extension groups should file by the 15th day of the 5th month after the end of their fiscal year. For Texas 4-H, this is May 15th as the tax year follows the calendar year.

Beginning in 2008, with the enactment of the Pension Protection Act (PPA) of 2006 ALL federal tax exempt organizations that raise money or receive donations will be required to file an Income Tax Form, regardless of the amount of money they raise. Groups raising less than $25,000 will file an electronic Form 990-N, also known as the e-Postcard. If a group generates over $25,000, they will still have to file a Form 990. The filing is required annually. The entire electronic filing takes about five minutes.

The National 4-H Headquarters now requires the State 4-H Office to annually certify that all clubs raising or receiving money on behalf of 4-H are chartered to operate and their contact information is correct.

**WHAT DOES THIS MEAN FOR COUNTIES?**

Included as part of the chartering process, a requirement will be added that includes a review of the club’s filing status and proof that the filing occurred. Although clubs must be officially chartered every three years we will be requiring certification of any 4-H group, as it relates to federal tax exempt status, annually.

The filing components required for a club and affiliate groups include:

1. Legal name of the club, group, or organization
2. Any other names used
3. Mailing address
4. Website address if applicable
5. Employer Identification Number
6. Annual tax period (this will be the tax period following National 4-H Headquarters designation)
7. Verification of the annual gross receipts (this would be done annually through a budget/financial review committee)
8. Indication if the club, group, or organization has terminated

Every club that is identified to National 4-H Headquarters as certified and that has filed their 990-N (electronic postcard) or Form 990 will receive a certification letter confirming inclusion under the National 4-H Group Exemption and status as a tax exempt entity. The club will need to keep the letter on file or for use when a potential funder/donor requires certification of tax exempt status.

The Pension Protection Act requires the IRS to revoke the tax-exempt status of any organization that does not complete an annual filing within three years. Texas 4-H expectation is that any group who is chartered to operate in the name of 4-H will file.
The appropriate return based on IRS requirements along with National 4-H and Texas 4-H guidelines.

B. State Sales Tax

1. Purchasing taxable items by External groups (4-H and non-4-H).
   a. Texas State Sales Tax Exemption is available to state agencies (e.g. the Texas A&M AgriLife Extension Service) and clubs and/or groups who have applied for and been granted tax exemption status by the Texas Comptroller of Public Accounts. Unless local 4-H Clubs, external support groups, or counties have applied with the Comptroller individually, no group, including a 4-H Club, is exempt from paying sales tax when purchasing taxable items. Affiliated support groups, even though they directly support Texas A&M AgriLife Extension Service programs, are not automatically tax exempt under Texas tax law. (http://www.window.state.tx.us/ - if applicable under the state law.) See Texas State Sales and Use Tax Exemptions for Extension External Groups and Application for Exemption – Educational organization documents (Attachment 17 & 18 see Appendix A-17 and A-18)
   
   b. Whether or not a club/group wants to apply for sales tax exemption status requires a review of each club’s/group’s financial situation. Information is available from the State Comptroller’s website about applying for tax exemption status. If county 4-H or Extension programs and/or local clubs/groups receive sales tax exemption, then the attached Sales Tax Exemption Form (#01-339) will be available for their use when purchasing taxable items. (Attachment 19 see Appendix A-19)

2. Collecting, reporting, and paying collected sales tax on items sold by External groups (4-H and non-4-H)

   a. For sales tax reporting, the amount of fund raising conducted by the club/group determines the taxability of items for sale. Clubs/groups that have events to sell taxable items are only exempt from paying sales tax on two days per year.
   
   For example, the Volunteer Leaders' Association of Texas (VLAT) sells 4-H products at Texas 4-H Roundup (3 days), the Texas 4-H Horse Show (7 days), and two or three one-day events in any one year. The VLAT treasurer keeps a record of the sales amount per day. VLAT chooses to be exempt one day at Texas 4-H Roundup and one day at the Texas 4-H Horse Show (the biggest days of sales). VLAT pays Texas sales tax on all sales on any other day. The county Extension office should work with clubs or groups to determine whether or not a county and/or club have sales activities. For example, car washes could be for a $X donation; drawings could be for a $X donations. Donor dollars, scholarships, sponsorships are not sales; but selling chocolate, pecans, sausage, poinsettias or food at a concession stand is selling and requires sales tax including collecting, reporting and payment to the State Comptroller’s Office.
b. If buying or selling 4-H equipment or supplies, there is no sales tax exemption for any group or event involving purchasing taxable items or selling/re-sale of taxable items.

3. What is taxable? Texas law refers to tangible personal property and taxable services as taxable items. All items should be considered taxable unless a specific exemption applies. There are two general types of exemptions:

  a. **Exempt organizations** - This is addressed in the previous section. Unless the organization has applied for this exemption and been approved by the state Comptroller, the organization is not exempt.

  b. **Exempt items or groups of items** - State law determines what these items are and the state Comptroller provides information about these items. For example, livestock and feed for livestock are non-taxable items. To learn more about what items may be exempt, contact the state Comptroller’s office ([http://www.cpa.state.tx.us](http://www.cpa.state.tx.us)).

C. **Texas Hotel Tax Exemption**

The Texas Hotel Occupancy Tax Exemption Certificate (12-302) may only be used by state employees on state business who are receiving reimbursement from agency funds. ([Attachment 20 see Appendix A-20](attachment:20)

1. The form may *not* be used by any external support group as a representative of the Texas AgriLife A&M Extension Service, including 4-H member rooms and/or 4-H parents and/or 4-H volunteers.

2. The form is *not* for use by County Extension agents who are receiving travel reimbursement from county funds. Agents should work with their County Coordinator when using County funds.

III. **TEXAS A&M AGRILIFE EXTENSION SERVICE EMPLOYEE REMINDERS**

A. Determine appropriate process for managing financial resources. Whoever controls the funds is responsible for managing funds.

B. The Texas A&M AgriLife Contracts and Grants office helps develop, route, approve and provides fiscal oversight of proposals, contracts, agreements, and grants.

C. Only the Director or his designee has signature authority for the agency.

D. All proposals and agreements for the Texas A&M AgriLife Extension Service must be routed through the Texas A&M AgriLife Contracts and Grants office.
E. If contacted with an open records request; contact your supervisor prior to responding.

F. It is appropriate to charge user fees for specialized and in-depth educational activities and publication.

G. Educational materials created by Extension faculty or acquired from other sources will be offered to the public, and to internal customers, via the Texas A&M AgriLife Extension Service Bookstore.

H. Texas A&M AgriLife Extension Service follows TAMUS policy on all royalties.
I. Special use rules apply to the 4-H name and emblem.

J. An honorarium is a “payment for service” whereas a check to defray actual expenses is a reimbursement.

K. Supervisors will conduct financial reviews to ensure financial management best practices are in place. It is important that Texas A&M AgriLife Extension Service maintain the public trust as we deal with financial resource management issues. Refer to “Best Practices: Financial Resource Management” resource guide and TAMUS policies for detailed information on items listed.

IX. QUICK REFERENCE ON FINANCIAL MANAGEMENT PROCEDURES WHEN WORKING WITH SUPPORT GROUPS

Texas A&M AgriLife Extension Service must maintain the public trust in all aspects of financial management activities. Financial management is the responsibility of the entire organization and we have an expectation in relationship to our support groups to ensure that all funds and resources are handled appropriately. Planning, controls, and documentation are major aspects of management.

REMEMBER WHEN WORKING WITH EXTENSION SUPPORT GROUPS:

A. Texas A&M AgriLife Extension Service will provide training and guidance on sound fiduciary responsibilities and practices.

B. Each support group should have a committee or task force to direct financial resource management.

C. The name "Extension" should never be listed as owner of a fund account.

D. Funds from different program efforts should not be co-mingled.

E. Texas A&M AgriLife Extension Service employees will not have custody, signature authority or online access of support group funds.

F. No signed checks should be kept in the Extension office.
G. Bank statements should not be titled to any Texas A&M AgriLife Extension Service office or staff member.

H. Texas A&M AgriLife Extension Service employees may facilitate the registration and collection of fees for activities and competitions, but should not receipt, control or make deposit of external group funds. However, volunteers or county support staff where necessary may conduct the process.

I. It is suggested county employees be bonded with cost born by the external support group or county government.

J. Separation of duties is important to ensure that the person who collects funds and the person who writes checks are not the same. The person who writes the checks should not be the one who reconciles the bank statement.

K. The officers should notify the bank immediately when signature authority and online accessibility changes.

Record Keeping/Authorization by Support Group Treasurer:

1. Detailed records should be kept on money collected and spent.

2. A computer software package is recommended for accounting purposes.

3. Record multiple copied pre-numbered cash receipts immediately upon receipt.

4. Compare list of all remittances received with subsequent bank deposits.

5. When county support staff collect and receipt funds, a signed transmittal form should be used.

6. Physical facilities should be provided for safeguarding cash in the possession of those authorized to handle cash.

7. All payments should be made by serially numbered checks.

8. No checks should be made payable to "cash".

9. Supporting documentation should be marked to prevent their reuse.

10. Check request form should be used to authorize payment.

11. Payment to vendors should be only for approved original invoices.

12. Bank statements should be reconciled monthly.

13. Inventory of equipment or other property should be listed with owner identified.
14. Computer records should be kept secure with a backup system in place.

15. Checks returned for insufficient funds should be dealt with immediately.
Appendix: Attachments

- A-1: Event Budget Planning Worksheet
- A-2: Indirect Cost Distribution Guideline
- A-3: Bookstore Author Request Form
- A-4: Royalty Income Distribution Agreement
- A-5: Request for Consulting and Outside Professional Employment for Faculty and Extension Agents
- A-6: Resources for Group or Committee Budget
  - A-6: Example 1 Group or Committee Budget
  - A-6a: Group or Committee Budget Fillable Form
  - A-6b: Example 2 Group or Committee Budget
  - A-6c: Group or Committee Budget Fillable Format
  - A-6d: Example Balance Sheet
  - A-6e: Balance Sheet Fillable Form
- A-7: External Support Group Fund Review
- A-8: Annual Review of Support Group Fund
- A-9: 4-H Name and Emblem
- A-10: How to Secure a Bond
- A-11: Transmittal Form
- A-12: Check Request
- A-13: Affidavit of Expenditure Form (Sample)
- A-14: Required Dissolution Clause, Local Club or Group By-Laws
- A-15: Application for Employer Identification Number
- A-16: Sample Form SS-4
- A-17: Texas State Sales and Use Tax Exemptions for Extension External Groups
- A-19: Texas Sales and Use Tax Exemption Certificate
- A-20: Texas Hotel Occupancy Tax Exemption Certificate